Table 39. Benefit combinations: Access, State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009

	Medical care and retirement benefits				Medical care and life insurance			
Characteristics	Medical care and retirement benefits	Medical care and no retirement benefits	Retirement benefits and no medical care benefits	No medical care and no retirement benefits	Medical care benefits and life insurance	Medical care benefits and no life insurance	Life insurance and no medical care benefits	No medical care and no life insurance
All workers	86	2	4	9	78	9	1	11
Worker characteristics								
Management, professional, and related Professional and related Teachers Primary, secondary, and special education	88 88 88	2 1 1	3 4 3	7 7 8	80 79 78	10 10 11	1 1 1	9 10 11
Registered nurses Service Protective service	95 91 79 89	- - 1 -	- - 4 -	3 5 15 9	82 82 73 84	13 10 8 5	(1) - 2 1	5 - 17 10
Sales and office	87 88 93 82	1 - 2 -	3 - 1 6	8 7 4 -	80 80 89 74	9 9 - 9	1 1 - 3	11 10 5 14
Full time	98 22	1 6	1 19	1 53	90 18	9	(¹) 5	1 67
Union Nonunion	95 79	1 2	3 5	2 14	86 73	10 9	1 1	3 18
Wage percentiles:2 Lowest 10 percent Lowest 25 percent Second 25 percent Third 25 percent Highest 25 percent Highest 10 percent	48 66 90 93 96	3 3 1 2 1	11 8 3 2 1 2	38 24 5 3 2 2	41 58 83 85 89	10 10 9 10 8	2 3 1 - 1 1	47 29 8 - 3 2
Establishment characteristics								
Service-providing industries Education and health services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Junior colleges, colleges, and universities Health care and social assistance Hospitals Public administration	86 87 87 88 83 90 92 87	2 2 2 1 3 2 3 1	4 4 4 5 3 3 1 3	9 7 7 6 11 6 4 9	78 78 77 76 81 82 88	9 11 11 13 5 9 6 7	1 1 1 1 1 -	11 10 10 10 13 - -
1 to 99 workers	71 64 82 88 83 90	l .	7 8 5 3 4 3	18 23 9 7 12 6	63 60 67 81 72 84	13 - 18 9 13 7	2 - 2 1 1 1	23 29 13 10 14 8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 39. Benefit combinations: Access, State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009—Continued

	Medical care and retirement benefits				Medical care and life insurance			
Characteristics	Medical care and retirement benefits	Medical care and no retirement benefits	Retirement benefits and no medical care benefits	No medical care and no retirement benefits	Medical care benefits and life insurance	Medical care benefits and no life insurance	Life insurance and no medical care benefits	No medical care and no life insurance
State government Local government Geographic areas	92 84	_ 1	– 5	6 10	86 76	8 10	(¹) 1	6 13
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	78 82 90 89	3 - - 1 - 2 - 1	4 - - 1 1 - 2 - 3	11 8 13 10 8 5 8 10 7	71 82 76 75 84 78 76 82 76	- 5 4 - - 15 - 14	- 3 2 - - (¹)	14 11 18 15 9 6 9 13

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 39. Benefit combinations: Access, State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009—Continued

	Defined benefit retirement and medical care benefits				Defined contribution retirement and medical care benefits			
Characteristics	Defined benefit and medical care benefits	Defined benefit and no medical care benefits	Medical care benefits and no defined benefit	No defined benefit and no medical care benefits	Defined contribution and medical care benefits	Defined contribution and no medical care benefits	Medical care benefits and no defined contribution	No defined contribution and no medical care benefits
All workers	80	3	7	9	29	1	58	12
Worker characteristics								
Management, professional, and related Professional and related Teachers	84 84 86	3 3 3	6 5 3	7 8 8	29 28 24	1 1 (1)	60 61 65	10 10 11
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	94 75 72 82 80 81 86 75	- - 4 2 2 2 2 1	- 17 8 7 9 8 9	3 - 15 9 10 9 4	16 46 27 34 32 31 33 21	- 1 1 2 2 -	78 46 53 54 57 58 62 62	- 18 10 10 9 -
Full time	91 21	1 17	7 7	1 55	33 6	(¹)	65 22	1 69
Union Nonunion	93 70	2 4	2 11	2 15	26 32	(¹) 1	69 50	4 17
Wage percentiles:2 Lowest 10 percent Lowest 25 percent Second 25 percent Third 25 percent Highest 25 percent Highest 10 percent Establishment characteristics	40 59 84 87 92 91	9 7 3 1 1 2	11 10 7 7 4 6	40 25 5 4 2 2	16 23 32 32 31 31	3 2 (¹) 1 (¹)	35 45 59 63 66 64	46 30 8 5 3 -
Service-providing industries Education and health services Educational services Elementary and secondary schools Junior colleges, colleges, and universities Health care and social assistance Hospitals Public administration	80 82 84 87 75 68 66	3 4 4 4 3 - - 2	7 6 4 2 11 24 28 7	9 7 8 7 11 - - 10	29 27 23 16 47 56 59	1 (1) (1) (1) - 1 1 1	58 62 65 73 39 35 35	12 11 11 11 - 8 5
1 to 99 workers 1 to 49 workers 50 to 99 workers 100 workers or more 100 to 499 workers 500 workers or more	61 53 73 83 77 86	5 5 5 3 4 3	14 16 12 6 8 5	20 27 9 8 12 6	24 22 28 30 26 31	2 3 - 1 1 1	51 47 57 60 59 60	23 28 - 10 15 8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 39. Benefit combinations: Access, State and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, March 2009—Continued

	Defined benefit retirement and medical care benefits				Defined contribution retirement and medical care benefits			
Characteristics	Defined benefit and medical care benefits	Defined benefit and no medical care benefits	Medical care benefits and no defined benefit	No defined benefit and no medical care benefits	Defined contribution and medical care benefits	Defined contribution and no medical care benefits	Medical care benefits and no defined contribution	No defined contribution and no medical care benefits
State government Local government Geographic areas		4	7 7	10	45 24	_ 1	49 62	- 13
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	74 71 87 78 77	4 56 - 1 - 1 3 3	3 3 7 - 4 - 14 6 5	11 9 13 11 9 5 8 10 7	- 18 34 31 48 24 25 20 25	- 1 1 - (¹) - 1 1	79 68 46 53 42 70 65 66	15 - 18 - 9 - 9 12 9

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals. Dash indicates no workers in this category or data did not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20082009.htm.

Less than 0.5 percent.
 The percentile groupings are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers both above and below the threshold. The percentile values are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2008." See Technical Note for more details.